

Anti-Human CD11b (DCIS1/18)

Fluorochrome	Reference	Test
PE	I1BPE-100T	100 test
APC	I1BA-100T	100 test



PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Other Names: Integrin alpha-M; Ly-40; Mac-1a; Mac-1 alpha; CR3A; CR-3 alpha chain

Description: The anti-CD11b monoclonal antibody derives from C57BL/10 splenocytes

Clone: DCIS1/18

Isotype: Mouse IgG2a, kappa

Reactivity: Human

Source: Supernatant proceeding from an *in vitro* cell culture of a cell hybridoma.

Purification: Affinity chromatography.

Composition: Mouse anti-human CD11b monoclonal antibody conjugated with a fluorochrome and in an aqueous solution which contains stabilising protein and 0.09% sodium azide (NaN₃).

Fluorochrome	Reagent provided	Concentration (µg/ml)
PE (R-Phycoerythrin)	100 ug in 2 ml	50
APC (Allophycocyanin)	100 ug in 2 ml	50

RECOMMENDED USAGE

Immunostep's CD11b, clone DCIS1/18, is a monoclonal antibody intended for *in vitro* diagnostic use in the identification and enumeration of human sample leucocytes that express CD11b using flow cytometry.

CLINICAL RELEVANCE

The adhesion molecule CD11b, which associates with the beta2-integrin to form the Mac-1 complex, is expressed in monocytic leukemias as well as other myeloid leukemias. Its expression on the leukemic cells has been reported to correlate with more aggressive course in adult patients with AML⁵. CD11b is a therapy resistance and minimal residual disease-specific marker in precursor B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukemia². CD11b expression has considerable implications for prognosis, treatment response monitoring, and MRD detection in childhood PBC-ALL.

Systemic lupus erythematosus 6 (SLEB6) is a chronic, relapsing, inflammatory, and often febrile multisystemic disorder of connective tissue, characterized principally by involvement of the skin, joints, kidneys and serosal membranes. It is of unknown etiology, but is thought to represent a failure of the regulatory mechanisms of the autoimmune system. The disease is marked by a wide range of system dysfunctions, an elevated erythrocyte sedimentation rate, and the formation of LE cells in the blood or bone marrow.^{1-4,6}

Variations at the ITGAM gene, which encodes for the CD11b chain of the Mac-1 (alphaMbeta2; CD11b/CD18; complement receptor-3) integrin, is one of the strongest genetic risk factors for systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE).

PRINCIPLES OF THE TEST

The anti-CD11b monoclonal antibody binds to the surface of cells that express the CD11b antigen. To identify these cells, the sample is incubated with the antibody and is analysed by flow cytometry.

APPROPRIATE STORAGE AND HANDLING CONDITIONS

Store in the dark, refrigerated between 2 °C and 8 °C. DO NOT FREEZE. The antibody is stable until the expiry date stated on the vial label if kept at 2°C-8°C. Do not use after the date indicated.

Once the vial is open, the product is stable for 90 days.

EVIDENCE OF DETERIORATION

Reagents should not be used if any evidence of deterioration is observed. For more information, please contact our technical service: tech@immunostep.com

The product's normal appearance is a semi-transparent, colourless liquid. It should not be used if liquid medium is cloudy or contains precipitate. It should be odourless.

RECOMMENDATIONS AND WARNINGS

- The reagents contain sodium azide. In acid conditions, it is transformed into hydrazoic acid, a highly toxic compound. Azide compounds must be diluted in running water before being discarded. These conditions are recommended so as to avoid deposits in plumbing, where explosive conditions could develop. The safety data sheet (SDS) is available online at www.immunostep.com
- Avoid microbial contamination of the reagent.
- Protect from light. Use dim light during handling, incubation with cells and prior to analysis.
- Never mouth pipette.
- In the case of contact with skin, wash in plenty of water.
- The samples should be handled in the same way as those capable of transmitting infection. Appropriate handling procedures should be guaranteed.
- Do not use after the expiry date indicated on the vial.
- Deviations from the recommended procedure could invalidate the analysis results.
- FOR *IN VITRO* DIAGNOSTIC USE.
- For professional use only.

- r) Before acquiring the samples, it is necessary to make sure that the flow cytometer is calibrated and compensated.

SAMPLE COLLECTION

The extraction of venous blood samples should be carried out in blood collection tubes using the appropriate anticoagulant (EDTA or heparin)^{7,8}. For optimum results, the sample should be processed during the six hours following the extraction. Samples which cannot be processed within the 48 hours following the extraction should be discarded.

MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

- Isotype controls:

Fluorochrome	Isotype control	Immunostep Reference
PE	Mouse IgG2a	ICIGG2APE-50UG
APC		ICIGG2AA-50UG

- Centrifuge
- Commonly used 12 x 75-mm flow cytometry assay tubes
- Micropipettes for dispensing volumes from 5 µl to 2 ml
- Blood collection tubes with anticoagulant.
- Phosphate buffered saline (PBS) with 0.09% sodium azide. It is recommendable to add 0.5% BSA
- Vacuum system
- Lysing solution
- Flow cytometer equipped with laser and appropriate fluorochrome filters
- Vortex Agitator

SAMPLE PREPARATION:

1. Add the suggested volume indicated on the antibody vial to a 12x75-mm cytometer tube. It is advisable to prepare an additional tube with the appropriate isotype control (*please see materials required but not provided*).
2. Add 100 µL of sample (up to 10⁶ cells) and mix properly in the vortex.
3. Incubate in the dark for 15 minutes at room temperature (20-25°C) or for 30 minutes at 4°C.
4. Add 2 ml of the lysing solution, mix in the vortex and incubate in the dark for 10 minutes or until the sample is lysed.
5. Centrifuge at 540g for five minutes and carefully withdraw the supernatant by suction so as not to touch the cell pellet. Leave 50 µl of non-aspirated liquid.
6. Resuspend pellet.
7. Add 2 ml of PBS (*please see materials required but not provided*).
8. Centrifuge at 540g for five minutes and carefully withdraw the supernatant by suction so as not to touch the cell pellet. Leave 50 µl of non-aspirated liquid.
9. Resuspend the pellet in 0.3 ml of PBS.

Acquire on a flow cytometer or store in the dark at 2°C -8°C until the analysis is carried out. Samples should be acquired within the 3 hour after lysis.

FLOW CYTOMETRY ANALYSIS

Collect the fluorescence attributed to monoclonal antibody CD11b and determine the percentage of stained cells.

It is necessary to use an isotype control conjugated with the same fluorochrome, of the same type of immunoglobulin heavy chain and concentration as that of the CD11b, so as to evaluate and correct the unspecific binding of leucocytes (*please see materials required but not provided*). Set an analysis region to eliminate fluorescence background noise and to include positively stained cells.

Below is an example diagram of stained cells:

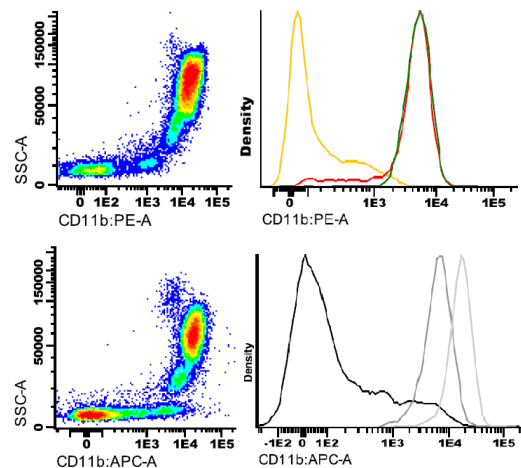


Fig. 1: On the left, a biparametric diagram of the average fluorescence intensity of human peripheral blood stained with CD11b+ and its internal complexity (SSC). Right, a diagram of the same specimen in histogram format.

LIMITATIONS OF THE PROCEDURE

1. Incubation of antibody with cells for other than the recommended procedures may result in a reduction or loss of antigenic determinants from the cell surface.
2. The values obtained from normal individuals may vary from laboratory to laboratory; it is therefore suggested that each laboratory should establish its own normal reference range.
3. Abnormal cells or cell lines may show a higher antigen density than normal cells. In some cases, this could require the use of a greater quantity of monoclonal antibody than is indicated in the procedures for sample preparation.
4. In whole blood samples, red blood cells found in abnormal samples, as well as nucleated red cells (from both normal and abnormal specimens) may be resistant to lysis. Longer periods of red blood cell lysing may be needed in order to avoid the inclusion of unlysed cells in the lymphocyte gated region.
5. Blood samples should not be refrigerated for an extensive period (more than 24 hours), since the number of viable cells will gradually decrease, and this may have an effect on the analysis. In order to obtain the best values, they should be kept at room temperature immediately prior to incubation with the monoclonal antibody.
6. Accurate results with flow cytometric procedures depend on correct alignment and calibration of the lasers, as well as correct gate settings.

REFERENCE VALUES

Abnormal results in the percentage of cells expressing the antigen or in its levels of expression may be due to pathological conditions. It is advisable to know the normal antigen expression patterns in order to ensure a proper interpretation of the results^{9,10,11}

The values obtained from healthy individuals may vary from laboratory to laboratory; it is therefore suggested that each laboratory should establish its own normal reference range.

CHARACTERISTICS

SPECIFICITY

CD11b is expressed on granulocytes, monocytes/macrophages, dendritic cells, NK cells, and subsets of T and B cells. CD11b expression is increased on activated granulocytes.

To evaluate the reagent's specificity (cross-reactivity with other cell populations), 10 blood samples from healthy donors were studied, stained with an adequate isotype control and the MAb to study. Blood samples obtained from healthy normal donors of Caucasian were stained with Immunostep CD11b monoclonal antibody. Non-specific fluorescence identified by the conjugated isotype control IgG2a was analyzed. Cells contained Platelets, B Lymphocytes and Erythrocytes in CD11b positive region were selected for analysis. Blood samples were processed by a Staining Cell Surface Antigens for Flow Cytometry Protocol.

The results obtained are shown in the following table:

PE	N	Minimum	Maximum	Mean	Std. Deviation
% Isotype control	10	0,10	1,44	0,58	0,40
% Platelets	10	0,06	0,27	0,16	0,07
% Erythrocytes	10	0,04	0,28	0,10	0,07
Valid N (listwise)	10				
APC	N	Minimum	Maximum	Mean	Std. Deviation
% Isotype control	10	0,21	1,18	0,38	0,28
% Erythrocytes	10	0,08	0,40	0,20	0,11
% Platelets	10	0,18	0,98	0,39	0,28
% B Lymphocytes	10	0,26	1,70	0,78	0,49
Valid N (listwise)	10				

SENSIBILITY OR LINEARITY

Sensitivity of the Immunostep CD11b monoclonal antibody was determined by staining U937 cell line as positive population and Nalm-6 cell line as negative population. Cells were mixed in different proportions with a constant final number of 1 x 10⁶ cells to achieve different cell ratios from 0% positive cells to 100%.

Thereafter cells were incubated with the antibody according to the recommended amount for 15 minutes. Finally the cells were washed according to standard protocol. A linear regression between the expected values and the observed values was calculated.

To determine the consistency of the conjugated monoclonal antibody as opposed to small variations (but deliberate). It provides an indication of its reliability during its normal use.

Model Summary^b

	R	R Square	Adjusted R Square	Std. Error of the Estimate	Linear regression
PE	0,994 ^a	0,988	0,987	3,972988	y = 1,078x - 3,566
APC	0,993	0,985	0,983	4,52684	y = 1.020x - 2,882

a. Predictors: (Constant), % Expected

b. Dependent Variable: % Obtained

The results show an excellent correlation between the results obtained and expected based on the dilution used. CD11b APC sensibility was demonstrated from 1 x 10⁵ to 1 x 10⁶ cells in 1 x 10⁶ total cells.

REPRODUCIBILITY

Reproducibility for the Immunostep CD11b conjugated monoclonal antibodies was determined by performing 10 replicated determinations of three leukocyte ranges: high, medium and low. One sample of each range was used. Thus, a total of 10 determinations were performed for each type of range. Thereby reproducibility was demonstrated throughout the entire measuring range.

The 10 determinations for each range were performed by the staining, processing and analysis of 3 separate samples. Cells CD11b+ were selected for the analysis of percentage cells stained in each measure.

To perform this study, anti-coagulated blood was obtained from normal donors expressing a different percentage of leukocytes.

PE				
Percentage	Mean	Std. Deviation	Minimum	Maximum
High	77,0560	0,74307	76,22	78,83
Medium	75,3380	0,45697	74,48	75,93
Low	62,6180	1,32077	59,94	64,22
APC				
Percentage	Mean	Std. Deviation	Minimum	Maximum
High	77,8050	0,95003	76,20	79,23
Medium	75,4330	0,78103	74,35	77,11
Low	74,4510	0,73703	73,45	75,93

The results demonstrate high reproducibility of measurements independent of the values of total leukocytes.

ACCURACY or REPEATABILITY

To determine the repeatability of staining with this product, 10 different samples were stained with two different lots of this reagent. For each sample two different values were obtained: the mean fluorescence intensity (MFI) and the percentage of positive cells. The average mean and the average standard deviation of MFI and percentage of positive cells were calculated. Monocytes and neutrophils CD11b +/CD45 cells were selected in the analysis.

The results of the analysis are shown in the following chart:

PE			
	Average Mean	Average Std. Deviation	Average %CV
% positive	67,5955	1,6037	2,3724
IMF	7380,7978	467,2896	6,3311
Valid N (listwise)	10	10	10
APC			
	Average Mean	Average Std. Deviation	Average %CV
% positive	72,8929	0,4608	0,6321
IMF	27685,80	3151,9130	11,3845
Valid N (listwise)	10	10	10

*Note: Data analyzed with SPSS for Windows 21

As shown in the table, the results show excellent repeatability from batch to batch, especially for calculating the percentage of positive cells in which the value is far below 10%

WARRANTY

Warranted only to conform to the quantity and contents stated on the label or in the product labelling at the time of delivery to the customer. Immunostep disclaims hereby other warranties. Immunostep's sole liability is limited to either the replacement of the products or refund of the purchase price.

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SURVEILLANCE AND NOTIFICATION

In accordance with Annex I, Section 20.4.1(n) of Regulation (EU) 2017/746, the user is obliged to report any serious incident related to the use of the product.

- To the Manufacturer:** Please contact our Surveillance Department at vigilancia@immunostep.com
- To the Competent Authority:** Report via the official channels of the Member State.

EXPLANATION OF SYMBOLS



CE labeling



In vitro diagnostic device



Manufacturer



Pay attention to