Anti-Human CD43 (TP1/36)



	REF	Σ	\triangle	₽ ₽
PURE	43PU	1 mg	1 mg/ml	
FITC	43F-100T	100 test	20 μL/test 2 mg/ml	
PE	43PE-100T	100 test	20 µL/test 2 mg/ml	
PerCP	43PP-100T	100 test	5 µL/test 0,05 mg/m	RUO
PerCP-Cyanine5.5	43PP5.5-100T	100 test	5 µL/test 0,05 mg/m	
APC	43A-100T	100 test	20 µL/test 2 mg/ml	
APC-C750	43AC750-100T	100 test	5 µL/test 0,05 mg/m	
CF-Blue	43CFB-100T	100 test	5 µL/test 0,05 mg/m	I

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Clone: TP1/36; Isotype: IqG1;

Tested application: flow cytometry;

Immunogen: The anti-CD43 monoclonal antibody derives from PMA and lonomycin activated T cells blast (Human);

Species reactivity: Human;

Storage instruction: store in the dark at 2-8 °C;

Storage buffer: aqueous buffered solution containing protein stabilizer and 0.09% sodium azide (NaN.);

Recommended usage: Immunostep's CD43, clone TPI/36 is a monoclonal antibody intended for the identification and enumeration of thymocytes and T lymphocytes using flow cytometry. This reagent is effective for direct immunofluorescence staining of human tissue for flow cytometric analysis using I test for IO° cells;

Presentation: liquid;

Source: Supernatant proceeding from an in vitro cell culture of a cell hybridoma;

Purification: Affinity chromatography;

Other names: Leukosialin, Galactoglycoprotein, GALGP, Leukocyte sialoglycoprotein, Sialophorin, GPL115, LSN, Ly-48, Leukosialin, qp115;

Gene ID: 6693;

Molecular weight: 95 - 135 kDa.

2. ANTIGEN DETAILS

Large description: Reacts with a single-pass type I protein found on cell surface of thymocytes, T-lymphcytes, neutrophis, plasma cells and myelomas but is not present on most peripheral blood B cells. CD43 has a high content of sialic acid and O-linked carbohydrate structures. (I-4)

WARRANTY

Warranted only to conform to the quantity and contents stated on the label or in the product labelling at the time of delivery to the customer. Immunostep disclaims hereby other warranties.

Immunostep's sole liability is limited to either the replacement of the products or refund of the purchase price.

4. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

For research use only. Not for diagnostic use.

Not for resale. Immunostep will not be responsible of violations that may occur with the use of this product. Any use of this product other than the specified in this document is strictly prohibited.

Unless otherwise indicated by Immunostep by written authorization, this product is intended for research only and is not to be used for any other purpose, including without limitation, for human or animal diagnostic, therapeutic or commercial purposes.

Please, refer to www.immunostep.com technical support for more information.

5. PROTOCOL

Direct Immunofluorescence Cell Surface Staining Protocol

- 1. Transfer 100 ul (106 cells/test) of the sample to a 12 x 75 mm polystyrene test tube
- Add the suggested volume indicated on the antibody vial to the 12x75 mm cytometer tube.
- Mix well and incubate in the dark at room temperature at 4 °C for 30 minutes or at room temperature (20-25 °C) for 15 minutes.
- After the incubation period, add 1,5 ml of an erythrocyte-lysing solution and mix. Incubate at room temperature in the darkness (the blood should be well mixed with the lysing solution).
- Centrifuge tubes at 540xg for 5 minutes. The supernatant is removed with a Pasteur pipette or with a vacuum pump.
- 6. Resuspend and wash with 3-5 mL of PBS at 540xg for 5 min.
- 7. After removing the supernatant and resuspending the cell pellet, add 300 μL of PBS and adquire on the flow cytometer are recorded.
- 8. Analyse on a flow cytometer or store at 2- $8\,^{\circ}$ C in the dark until analysis. Samples can be run up to 24 hours after lysis.

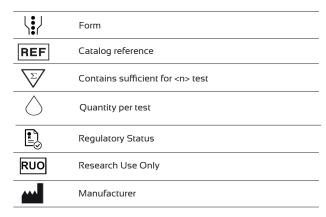
Indirect Immunofluorescence Cell Surface Staining Protocol

- 1. Transfer 100 ul (106 cells/test) of the sample to a 12×75 mm polystyrene test tube
- 2. Add purified reagent according to manufacturer's recommendation and mix gently with a vortex mixer.
- 3. Incubate in the dark at room temperature at 4 °C for 30 minutes or at room temperature (20-25 °C) for 15 minutes.
- Add 2 mL 0.01 mol/L PBS (It betters that it containing 2% bovine serum albumin) and resuspend the cells by using a vortex mixer. Centrifuge at 540xg for 5 min in order to remove the McAb not bound to its antigen.
- Add a secondary conjugated reagent with some fluorochrome and mix. Incubate at room temperature for 15 min in the dark. The absence of light is necessary as the fluorochrome is photoinstability.
- 6. After the incubation period, add 1,5 ml of an erythrocyte-lysing solution and mix. Incubate at room temperature in the darkness (the blood should be well mixed with the lysing solution). Centrifuge at 540xg for 5 minutes. The supernatant is removed with a Pasteur pipette or with a vacuum pump.
- 7. Resuspend and a made a final wash with 3-5 mL of PBS at 540xg for 5 min.
- 8. After removing the supernatant and resuspending the cell pellet, add 300 μL of PBS and adquire on the flow cytometer are recorded.
- 9. Analyse on a flow cytometer or store at 2- 8 °C in the dark until analysis. Samples can be run up to 24 hours after lysis.

REFERENCES

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- Carlsson SR, Fukuda M. Isolation and characterization of leukosialin, a major sialoglycoprotein on human leukocytes. J Biol Chem1986 Sep 25;261(27):12779-86.
- Knapp W. Leucocyte typing IV: white cell differentiation antigens. Oxford: Oxford University Press; 1989.
- Remold-O'Donnell E, Zimmerman C, Kenney D, Rosen FS. Expression on blood cells of sialophorin, the surface glycoprotein that is defective in Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome. Bloodl987 Jul;70(1):104-9.

7. EXPLANATION OF SYMBOLS



MANUFACTURED BY:

8.



IMMUNOSTEP S.L.

E-mail:

Address: Avda. Universidad de Coimbra, s/n Cancer Research Center (C.I.C)

Campus de Unamuno 37007 Salamanca (Spain) Telf./fax: (+34) 923 294 827

> info@immunostep.com www.immunostep.com